Draft

Spallation Neutron Source Interface Control Document

1.5.6.1 Ring High Level RF System and 1.9.5 Ring Controls

105060100-IC0001-R0A February 2002

A U.S. Department of Energy Multilaboratory Project



Approvals

1.5.6.1 High Level RF System 1.9.5 Ring Control System

Group Leaders: _			
	Alexander Zaltsman	John Smith	

Spallation Neutron Source Interface Control Document

Ring High Level RF System and Integrated Control System.

Prepared by

Johnny Tang

Brookhaven National Laboratory

SNS Project

UT-Battelle, LLC managing Spallation Neutron Source activities at

Argonne National Laboratory
Thomas Jefferson National Accelerator Facility
Los Alamos National Laboratory

Brookhaven National Laboratory Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory Oak Ridge National Laboratory

under contract DE-AC05-00OR22725 for the U.S. Department of Energy

CONTENTS

1. Scope	5
2. Overview	5
3. VME Interface Options	5
3.1. Blue Hose Interface	5
3.2. Ethernet Interface	
3.3 ControlLogix gateway	6
4. Performance Requirement	6
Appendix A. Bit Definitions	11
Appendix B. Schedule	14
References	15

1. Scope

This document provides the interface requirements between the Ring high level RF (HLRF) system and the Integrated Control System (ICS).

This document is intended to be a guideline for the design of SNS Ring high level RF control system.

This document may be modified as a change request to the control system. Proposed changes require Ring HLRF System and ICS review and approval.

2. Overview

The Spallation Neutron Source (SNS) consists of a front-end system, a linear accelerator, an accumulator ring, and mercury target. The front-end system produces a beam of H ¯ions and injects it at 2.5 MeV into a following linear accelerator for further acceleration to 1 GeV. The accumulator ring has circumference of 248 meters that is designed to accumulate 2x 10 ¹⁴, 1 GeV protons in 1 ms, via charge exchange injection of H ¯ beam. After the accumulation, the beam is extracted using a fast kicker magnet and sent to the mercury target. The purpose of the accumulator ring RF system is to maintain a 250ns gap for the 200ns rise time of the extraction kicker while maintaining low peak beam current and large momentum spread.

The design of SNS Ring RF system is a dual harmonic system running with h=1 and h=2 which imply RF frequencies of f1 = 1.05 MHz and f2 = 2.11 MHz. Three cavities will be used for h=1 system, with two gaps per cavity and 10kV per gap. There will be one power amplifier per cavity to compensate the heavy beam loading at h=1. The h=2 RF system will consist of one cavity with two gaps at 10kV per gap, driven by a single power amplifier.

An Allen-Bradley PLC-5 will be used for SNS Ring High Level RF controls. Two dedicated RIO ports on the PLC will be used for two RIO buses, each bus to control two cavity systems via RIO and Flex I/O interface. Several REDI Panels will be installed on each of the RIO buses. Another dedicated DH+ port on the PLC will be used for a local PC running RS View or PLC programming. See figure 1, a proposed architecture for SNS ring high-level RF system.

3. VME Interface Options

There are three options that could be used to interface between SNS global ICS and Ring high level RF system, Blue Hose interface, Ethernet interface and ControlLogix gateway.

3.1. Blue Hose Interface

The Allen-Bradley VMEbus remote I/O scanner modules (6008-SVnR) allow a VME master processor (IOC) direct access to I/O adapter devices on the Allen-Bradley Universal Remote I/O link. The VMEbus I/O scanner modules provide up to 230.4k bit/s communication and continuous block-transfers. 1771-DCM PLC direct communication module provides a remote I/O adapter port for a local PLC processor (Ring High Level RF PLC) to communicate with a remote I/O scanner port of a supervisory processor (IOC) across a remote I/O link. Figure 2 shows the Blue Hose interface between IOC and PLC-5.

3.2. Ethernet Interface

The Allen-Bradley 1785-ENET Ethernet Interface Module provides an Ethernet port for a 1771-platform PLC-5 processor, so that it can communicate with IOC via Ethernet link. Figure 3 shows this interface option.

3.3 ControlLogix gateway

A ControlLogix 5550 can be used as a gateway between DH+ Network and Ethernet. See figure 4.

4. Performance Requirement

There are about 500 bits per cavity system or total of 2k bits data will be transferred from PLC to VME IOC. As a minimum requirement, the update rate on operator screens shall be at least once every 5 seconds.

The detailed bits definition information along with their names, types and sources is described in Appendix A.

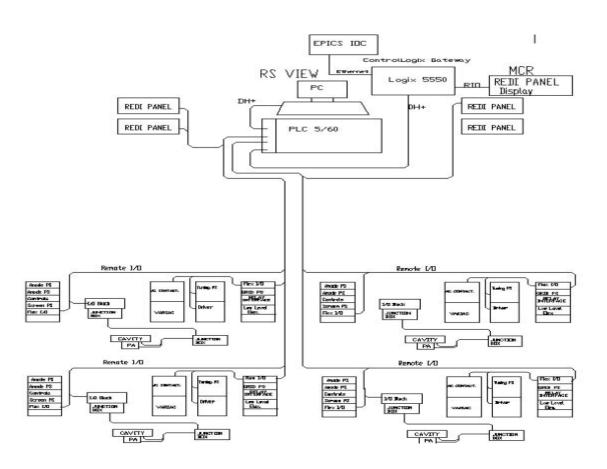
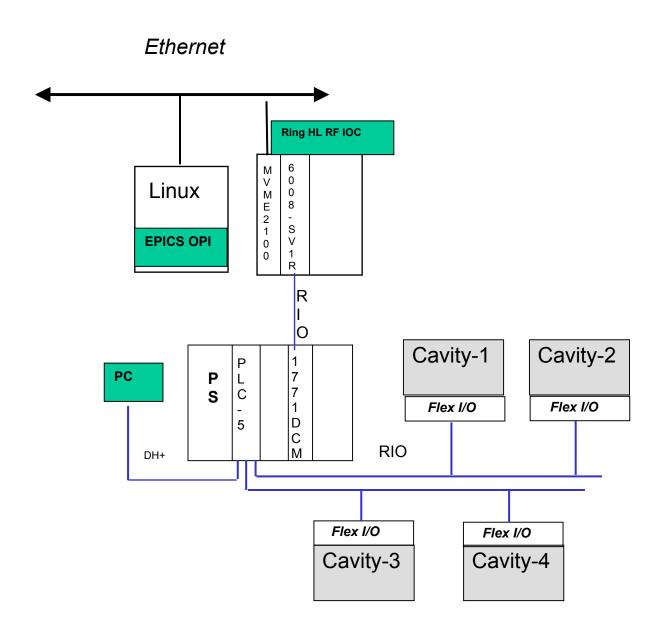


Figure 1. Ring High Level RF Control Architecture

Figure 2. Blue Hose Interface Between IOC and RF PLC



Eng HL FF Linux MVME 2100 EPICS OPI Ethernet Cavity-1 Cavity-2 P S PLC-5/60 1771-ENET PC Flex I/O Flex VO DH+ RIO Flex I/O Flex I/O Cavity-3 Cavity-4

Figure 3. Ethernet Interface Between IOC and RF PLC

Ring HL FF Linux MVME 2100, EPICS OPI Ethernet 1756-DHRIO 1756-ENET Logix5550 P S Cavity-2 Cavity-1 P S PC PLC-5/60 Flex I/O Flex I/O DH+ RIO Flex I/O Flex I/O Cavity-3 Cavity-4

Figure 4. Logix 5550 Gateway Configuration

Appendix A. Bit Definitions

<u>Type</u>	<u>Source</u>	<u>Name</u>
	Anode First Input Mod	ule
Sink Inp	303 #1 303 #1 303 #1 303 #1 303 #1 303 #1 303 #1 303 #1	HV On Status HV Inh Status Loc/Rem Status Over-Voltage Status Interlock Status Overload Status Arc Status Power Fault Status Coolant Fault Status WATER LEAK WATER MAT FAULT
	Anode Second Input N	lodule
Sink Inp	303 #2 303 #2 303 #2 303 #2 303 #2 303 #2 303 #2 303 #2 303 #2	HV On Status HV Inh Status Loc/Rem Status Over-Voltage Status Interlock Status Overload Status Arc Status Power Fault Status Coolant Fault Status
	Anode Third Input Mod	dule
Sink Inp Sink Inp Sink Inp Sink Inp	402 402 402 402 402	HV On Status HV Inh Status Loc/Rem Status Over-Voltage Status Interlock Status

402

Overload Status

Sink Inp

Sink Inp	Flow-1	303 #1 Water Flow
Sink Inp	Flow-2	303 #2 Water Flow
Sink Inp	Fan	Control Box TC Fault

Sink Inp Door Cabinet Access Door Inerlock

Sink Inp Extnl Remote Interlock Link
Sink Inp PLC PLC I/L Trip readback

Cap Bank Module

Sink Inp	Crowbar circuit interlock
Sink Inp	Crowbar fuse interlock
Sink Inp	Overcurrent
Sink Inp	Airflow fault
Sink Inp	Door interlock
Sink Inp	PS shorting bar
Sink Inp	Crowbar OT
Sink Inp	Load fault
Sink Inp	Cubical OT
Sink Inp	Heat Lamp interlock
Sink Inp	CR6 NO C1 Dump Res
Sink Inp	CR6 NC C1 Dump Res
Sink Inp	CR7 NO C2 Dump Res

PA / Cavity Interlocks & Statuses

CR7 NO C2 Dump Res

Sink Inp	Local Switch
Sink Inp	Remote Switch
Sink Inp	Attenuator Water Flow
Sink Inp	Tube Water Flow
Sink Inp	Cavity Water Left Flow
Sink Inp	Tube Over-Temp
Sink Inp	Cavity Over-Temp Left
Sink Inp	Cavity Water Flow Right
Sink Inp	Cavity Over-Temp Right
Sink Inp	Cables
Sink Inp	Grid Under-Voltage
Sink Inp	Filament Under-Voltage
Sink Inp	Flushing Air Flow
Sink Inp	Tube Air Flow

Sink Inp

Sink Inp Screen Over-Load
Sink Inp Ross Relay Readback

Sink Inp Filament Contactor Readback

Variac Interlocks

Sink Inp Blower Contactor Readback
Sink Inp Blower Motor Over-Load

Sink Inp Crash

Sink Inp Filament Safety

Sink Inp Blower Under-Voltage
Sink Inp Variac Door Readback
Sink Inp Variac Low Limit
Sink Inp Variac High Limit

Sink Inp Vacuum
Sink Inp HV Safety
Sink Inp Bldg Crash
Sink Inp HV READY

Sink Inp Ross Relay Control Relay

Tuning PS Interlocks

Sink Inp

. مصلحات

Sink Inp

Sink Inp

Sink Inp

Sink Inp

Sink Inp

Sink Inp

Appendix B. Schedule

Dates	Activities
03/31/02	Preliminary Ring High Level ICD.
?	Final Ring High Level ICD
04/01/04 – 09/30/04 Ring High Level RF system commission	
10/01/04 – 09/30/05 Ring RF system integration	

References

- Spallation Neutron source Design Manual June 1998
 Allen-Bradley & Rockwell Software, Inc Product Catalogs